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NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES *Third Regular Session*

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SENATE

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S. No. <u>2870</u>

Introduced by Senator Jinggoy Ejercito Estrada

AN ACT

STRENGTHENING THE PHILIPPINE COAST GUARD BY INTRODUCING POLICY AND ORGANIZATIONAL REFORMS, REVISING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9993, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "PHILIPPINE COAST GUARD LAW OF 2009"

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Philippines needs a robust coast guard organization for being an archipelagic country with 7,641 islands and having one of the longest coastlines in the world at more than 36,000 kilometers. In order to protect our maritime jurisdiction against various threats such as piracy, foreign incursions, marine pollution, illegal fishing, poaching, and smuggling, among others, an effective coast guard force is imperative.

Since 1901, the Philippine Coast Guard (PCG) has been the vanguard of our seas, enforcing our maritime laws and defending them against lawless elements and prohibited activities. Despite instances of dangerous maneuvers and aggressive behavior from their foreign counterpart, the PCG demonstrates gallantry and courage at the frontlines of securing the maritime domain.

This measure aims to strengthen the PCG by introducing policy and organizational reforms through revisions in Republic Act No. 9993 or the "Philippine Coast Guard Law" which was enacted in February 2010. The bill proposes an expanded structure from one CG personnel to three uniformed personnel per kilometer of coastline representing three functional specializations, namely maritime safety, marine environmental protection and maritime security. As of 2024, the PCG has a total

strength of 30,746 officers, non-officers, cadets and non-uniformed personnel, which is barely enough to match the entire stretch of our coastline.

The vast expanse of our waters – i.e. 220 million hectares or seven times our land area – necessitates adequate manpower that could fully monitor compliance with and implement regulations in support of public safety, national security and economic development of the country.

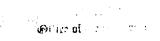
Moreover, this bill specifies the allowances, incentives and other benefits for the coast guard personnel comparable to those from the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP), clarifying ambiguities in the previous law while taking into account their heroism, sacrifice and invaluable service to the nation, and harmonizing the same with the ongoing efforts to reform the existing pension scheme for the military and uniformed personnel (MUP).

This legislation complements Senate Bill No. 2016 or the "Philippine Coast Guard Modernization Act" filed by this representation to beef up the PCG's capabilities in addressing prevailing and emerging threats, and place the much-needed support to this premier maritime agency.

The passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

GOY EJERCITO ESTRADA

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Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the "Revised Philippine Coast
 Guard Law."

Sec. 2. *Philippine Coast Guard.* – The Philippine Coast Guard (PCG), established under Republic Act No. 9993 as an armed and uniformed service attached to the Department of Transportation (DOTr) shall continue as such upon the effectivity of this Act: Provided, That in times of war, as declared by Congress, the PCG or parts thereof, shall be attached to the Department of National Defense (DND).

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CHAPTER I

ORGANIZATION

Sec. 3. *Organization.* – The PCG organizational structure shall be headed by a Commandant with the rank of Admiral assisted by the Deputy Commandant for Operations and the Deputy Commandant for Administration both with the rank of Vice Admiral. It shall be organized into three (3) core functional commands, namely: the Maritime Safety Services Command, the Marine Environmental Protection Command, and the Maritime Security Law Enforcement Command. To enhance the core functions

of the PCG, it shall be reinforced by support commands and service units categorized
as follows:

- a) Administrative support commands consisting of the Education and Training,
 Internal Affairs Service, Surface Support Force, Financial Management,
 Human Resource Management Service and Logistics;
- b) Operational support commands consisting of the Weapons,
 Communications, Electronics and Information System Service, Special
 Operations Force, Aviation Force, Community Relations Command and
 Canine Enforcement Force;
- 10 c) Technical services consisting of the Coast Guard Legal Service, Medical 11 Service, Ecumenical Service, Dental Service, Veterinary Service, Medical 12 Administrative Corps, Nurse Corps, and other technical services that may or 13 hereinafter be created as needed;
- d) Operating commands shall consist of the fifteen (15) districts located 14 nationwide covering specific areas of responsibilities composed of stations 15 which in turn have field offices called sub-stations down to detachments or 16 posts. These coast guard districts will also function as implementing units 17 whose annual budget shall be strictly released to them and these units are: 18 National Capital Region-Central Luzon (CGD NCR-CL), Central Visayas (CGD 19 CV), Southwestern Mindanao (CGD SWM), Southeastern Mindanao (CGD 20 SEM), Palawan (CGD PAL), Western Visayas (CGD WV), Southern Tagalog 21 22 (CGD STL), Northern Mindanao (CGD NM), Bicol (CGD BCL), Northwestern Luzon (CGD NWL), Eastern Visayas (CGD EV), Northeastern Luzon (CGD 23 NEL), Southern Mindanao (CGD SM), Northeastern Mindanao (CGD NEM), 24 and Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (CG BARMM): 25 26 Provided, That the PCG may create other new districts subject to existing 27 laws;
- e) The Special Services consist of the Legislative Liaison Affairs, Community
 Relations Service, Finance Service, Internal Audit, and Center for Strategic
 Studies.

In addition to the basic structure of the PCG mentioned above, the Commandant may, in the interest of public service and expediency of service,

recommend to reorganize districts, commands, services or units under the PCG which 1 2 shall be forwarded to the Secretary of Transportation for adoption and submission to 3 the Secretary of Budget and Management for approval: Provided, That the minimum 4 manning level of the PCG shall be computed based on the total coastline of the Philippines with three (3) uniformed personnel per (1) kilometer of coastline, which 5 shall be filled in accordance with the enlistment schedule approved by the DBM: 6 Provided finally, That the functional commands, administrative support units, 7 8 operational support units, operating units, technical services and special services shall be authorized and designated to perform all duties and functions of the PCG within 9 their individual area of responsibility, including but not limited to, finance and 10 procurement. 11

To enhance the capability and field expertise of uniformed personnel, the PCG shall implement functional service specialization on its three (3) core functional areas.

Sec. 4. The PCG Commandant. – The PCG shall be headed by a Commandant 14 who shall have the rank of Admiral which shall be equivalent to the rank and pay of 15 the Chief of Staff of the Armed Forces of the Philippines and the Chief of the Philippine 16 17 National Police. The Commandant shall be appointed by the President from among the Flag Officers in the Coast Guard service. He shall have earned the command-at-18 sea badge and must have served as District Commander. The Commandant shall serve 19 20 for a maximum term of (3) three years or upon reaching the age of 57 years old whichever comes earlier. Provided, however, That if the maximum term is served 21 22 before reaching the age of 57, the Commandant shall be compulsorily retired with all the benefits appertaining thereto. 23

Sec. 5. *Powers and Functions of the Commandant.* – The Commandant shall
 exercise the following powers and functions:

- a) Under the authority and direction of the President, shall be responsible for
 the elaboration and execution of national maritime laws relating to the
 functions of the PCG;
- b) Direct and control tactical as well as strategic movements, deployment,
 placement, utilization of the PCG or any of its units and personnel, including
 its equipment, facilities and other resources;

c) Prescribe, in accordance to existing laws, the organization or re-1 organization, powers, functions and duties of the various staff, services, 2 installation and other units of the PCG; 3 d) Issue policies and instructions regarding personnel, funds, properties, 4 records, correspondence and such other matters as may be necessary to 5 effectively carry out the functions, powers and duties of the PCG, in 6 7 accordance with existing laws, rules and regulations; 8 e) Approve the recommendation of the different promotion and/or assignments boards and ensure observance of merit and fitness in the 9 process of promotion and assignment; 10 f) Exercise disciplinary authority over all uniformed personnel and non-11 uniformed personnel of the PCG; and 12 13 g) Perform any task or directive issued by the President; Further, such command and direction of the Commandant may be delegated to 14 subordinate officials with respect to the units under the latter's respective commands, 15 subject to the guidelines as the Commandant may prescribe in accordance with the 16 rules and regulation prescribed under existing laws. 17 18 **CHAPTER II POWERS AND FUNCTIONS** 19 Sec. 6. Powers and Functions of the PCG. - The PCG shall have the following 20 powers and functions: 21 22 a) To enforce regulations in accordance with all relevant maritime international conventions, treaties or instruments and national laws for the promotion of 23 safety of life and property at sea within the maritime jurisdiction of the 24 Philippines and conduct port state control implementation; 25 b) To conduct random inspections on all merchant ships and vessels, including 26 but shall not be limited to inspections prior to departure, to ensure and 27 enforce compliance with safety standards, rules and regulations; 28 c) To detain, stop or prevent a ship or vessel which does not comply with 29 safety standards, rules and regulations from sailing or leaving port; 30 d) To conduct emergency readiness evaluation on merchant marine vessels; 31

- e) Subject to the approval of the Secretary of the DOTr, to issue and enforce
 rules and regulations for the promotion of safety of life and property at sea
 on all maritime-related activities;
- f) Subject to the approval of the Secretary of the DOTr, to determine, fix or
 prescribe charges, rates, and penalties, as may be necessary, to implement
 its provisions, as well as the provisions of laws, issuances, decrees and
 orders related to the implementation of PCG functions;
- g) To coordinate, develop, establish, maintain and operate aids to navigation,
 vessel traffic system, maritime communications and search and rescue
 facilities within the maritime jurisdiction of the Philippines;
- h) To remove, destroy, or tow to port sunken or floating hazards to navigation,
 including illegal fish traps and vessels, at or close to sea lanes which may
 cause hazards to the marine environment;
- i) To issue permits for the salvage of vessels and to supervise all marine
 salvage operations and wreck removal, and to auction the abandoned
 vessels or wrecks to defray the expenses of such removal, as well as
 prescribe and enforce rules and regulations governing the same;
- j) To render aid to persons and vessels in distress and conduct search and rescue during maritime accidents within the maritime jurisdiction of the Philippines, including the high seas, in accordance with applicable international conventions. In the performance of this function, the PCG may enlist the services of other government agencies and the merchant marine fleet;
- k) To investigate and inquire into the causes of all maritime accidents involving
 death, casualties and damage to properties;
- In coordination with other relevant government agencies, to enforce and
 maintain maritime security, prevent or suppress terrorism at sea, and
 perform law enforcement functions in accordance with pertinent laws, rules
 and regulations;
- 30 m) To assist in the enforcement of laws on fisheries, immigration, tariff and 31 customs, forestry, firearms and explosives, human trafficking, dangerous

1	drugs and controlled chemicals, transnational crimes and other applicable
2	laws within the maritime jurisdiction of the Philippines;
3	n) To board and inspect all types of merchant ships and watercrafts in the
4	performance of these functions;
5	o) To promulgate, administer and enforce laws, rules and regulations for the
6	protection of marine environment and resources from offshore sources of
7	pollution within the maritime jurisdiction of the Philippines;
8	p) To develop oil spill response, containment and recovery capabilities against
9	ship-based pollution;
10	q) To grant, within the capabilities and consistent with its mandate, requests
11	for assistance of other government agencies in the performance of their
12	functions;
13	r) To organize, train and supervise the PCG Auxiliary (PCGA) for the purpose
14	of assisting the PCG in carrying out its mandated functions;
15	s) To recommend to the President the issuance of rules and regulations
16	pertaining to the assistance and support that the Armed Forces of the
17	Philippines (AFP) should extend to the PCG to enhance the latter's capability
18	during emergencies;
19	t) To conclude international agreements, specifically, for the purpose of
20	procuring its own materials and equipment through competitive bidding or
21	alternative modes of procurement; and
22	u) To perform such other functions that may be necessary in the attainment
23	of the objectives of this Act.
24	CHAPTER III
25	ADMINISTRATION AND PERSONNEL
26	Sec. 7. Personnel The PCG shall consist of the following categories of
27	personnel:
28	a) Officer – refers to uniformed members of the PCG who is commissioned as
29	officer by the President and belongs to the officers' corps;
30	b) Non-officers – general term for uniformed member of the PCG with ranks
31	below commissioned officers and performs jobs specific to their occupational
32	specialty. There are three classifications of non-officers, namely, strikers for

1	those in grades E-1 to	E-3, iunior non-co	ommissioned officers for those in
2			nissioned officers for ranks with
3	equivalent grades of E-7 to E-10;		
4	c) Non-uniformed personr	iel – refers to the	non-uniformed members of the
5	PCG who are appointed	l and employed u	nder the Civil Service laws, rules
6	and regulations;		
7	d) Probationary Ensign – i	refers to a person	who is called to active duty but
8	awaiting commissionship into the PCG or awaiting training;		
9	e) Draftee – refers to a person who has completed basic training and is		
10	awaiting enlistment into	the PCG active se	ervice;
11	f) Cadet – refers to a pers	son who is enrolle	d in service academies under the
12	sponsorship of the PCG;		
13	g) Candidate – refers t	o a person wh	no is undergoing training for
14	commissionship;		
15	h) Trainee – refers to a per	son who is underge	oing training to qualify as member
16	of non-officer's corps of	the PCG.	
17	Provided, That the ranks a	and grades of all u	uniformed personnel in the PCG,
18	whether officers or non-officers,	shall be the san	ne and equal as that used and
19	observed in the AFP and PNP.		
20	Sec. 8. Ranks and Grades	of PCG Officers.	– The ranks and grades of PCG
21	Officers shall be as follows:		
22	RANK	ACRONYM	PAY GRADE
23	Admiral	ADM	O-10
24	Vice Admiral	VADM	0-9
25	Rear Admiral	RADM	O-8
26	Commodore	COMMO	0-7
27	Captain	CAPT	O-6
28	Commander	CDR	0-5
29	Lieutenant Commander	LCDR	0-4
30	Lieutenant Senior Grade	LTSG	O-3
31	Lieutenant Junior Grade	LTJG	0-2
32	Ensign	ENS	0-1

- Sec. 9. *Technical Officers*. Following are the professionals that may join the
 PCG service as technical officers:
- a) Lawyers
- 4 b) Doctors
- 5 c) Priests, Pastors, Imam, and other certified clerics
- 6 d) Dentists
- 7 e) Veterinarians
- 8 f) Nurses

9 Any applicant holding the degree of any of the abovementioned professions 10 shall have qualified and passed the licensure examination, as applicable, of the 11 respective professions to be qualified for entry into the Coast Guard service. Other 12 board professions not listed may still be recruited as part of the technical stream upon 13 verification of the PCG of its need thereof.

Sec. 10. Officer Rank Distribution. - The officer rank distribution of the PCG 14 shall be as follows: two per centum (2%) in the Flag Officer rank; six per centum (6%) 15 in the rank of Coast Guard Captain; twelve per centum (12%) in the rank of Coast 16 Guard Commander; eighteen per centum (18%) in the rank of Coast Guard Lieutenant 17 18 Commander; Twenty per centum (20%) in the rank of Coast Guard Lieutenant Senior Grade; and forty-two per centum (42%) in the ranks of Coast Guard Lieutenant Junior 19 Grade and Coast Guard Ensign; Provided, That such distribution is based on the ratio 20 21 between officers and non-officers which is one (1) officer for every seven (7) nonofficers: Provided, finally, That if the actual number in a rank is less than the number 22 prescribed in a lower rank, the difference may be applied as an increase to the number 23 prescribed in the lower rank. 24

Sec. 11. *Distribution of Flag Officers.* – Other than the Commandant who occupies the rank of Admiral, the total number of flag ranks shall not exceed two (2) percent of the total population of officers distributed observing the pyramidal structure as hereunder prescribed:

29	Vice Admiral	0.15%
30	Rear Admiral	0.35%
31	Commodore	1.50%
32	Total	2.00%

Provided, That if the actual number in a rank, except in the case of Coast Guard
Admiral and Coast Guard Vice Admiral, is less than the number herein prescribed, the
difference may be applied as an increase to the number prescribed in the lower rank:
Provided, further, That no officer shall be promoted to the rank of Coast Guard
Commodore or higher unless there is an existing vacancy, and the officer is occupying
a position in the table of organization that requires the rank which is being considered
for promotion.

8 Sec. 12. *Maximum Tenure in Rank.* – The maximum tenure of officers in the 9 ranks of Captain and Flag Officer in the PCG are hereby prescribed as follows:

10	Rank	Maximum Tenure in Rank
11	Admiral	three (3) years
12	Vice Admiral	three (3) years
13	Rear Admiral	three (3) years
14	Commodore	five (5) years
15	Captain	ten (10) years

Unless earlier separated, retired or promoted to the next higher rank or occupying a position calling for the higher rank in the PCG Table of Organization, Captains and Flag Officers shall be retired upon the attainment of the maximum tenure in rank herein prescribed, or upon reaching the age of compulsory retirement whichever comes earlier: Provided, That Captains or flag officers who have not reached age of retirement shall be retired due to attrition if they have at least twenty (20) years in service otherwise it shall be separation from service.

Sec. 13. *Maximum Tenure in Position*. – Officers holding the following key positions are hereby limited to a maximum tenure of three (3) years, unless otherwise earlier relieved by competent authority or compulsory retired under existing laws:

a) Commandant

b) Deputy Commandant

Provided, That except for the Commandant, no other officer shall be assigned/designated to the aforementioned key positions or promoted to the rank of Commodore or higher if the officer has less than (1) year of active service remaining prior to compulsory retirement.

Sec. 14. *Ranks and Grades of Non-officers.* – The ranks and pay grades of PCG
 non-officers shall be as follows:

RANK	ACRONYM	PAY GRADE
First Master Chief Petty Officer	FMCPO	E-10
Master Chief Petty Officer	MCPO	E-9
Senior Chief Petty Officer	SCPO	E-8
Chief Petty Officer	СРО	E-7
Petty Officer First Class	PO1	E-6
Petty Officer Second Class	PO2	E-5
Petty Officer Third Class	PO3	E-4
Seaman/Seawoman First Class	SN1/SW1	E-3
Seaman/Seawoman Second Class	SN2/SW2	E-2
Apprentice Seaman/Seawoman	ASN/ASW	E-1
	First Master Chief Petty Officer Master Chief Petty Officer Senior Chief Petty Officer Chief Petty Officer Petty Officer First Class Petty Officer Second Class Petty Officer Third Class Seaman/Seawoman First Class Seaman/Seawoman Second Class	First Master Chief Petty OfficerFMCPOMaster Chief Petty OfficerMCPOSenior Chief Petty OfficerSCPOChief Petty OfficerCPOPetty Officer First ClassPO1Petty Officer Second ClassPO2Petty Officer Third ClassPO3Seaman/Seawoman First ClassSN1/SW1Seaman/Seawoman Second ClassSN2/SW2

Sec. 15. *Maximum Tenure in Rank for Non-officers*. – The maximum tenure of
 senior non-officers in the ranks of Chief Petty Officer to First Master Chief Petty Officer
 in the PCG are as follows:

17	Rank	Maximum Tenure in Rank
18	First Master Chief Petty Officer	Three (3) years
19	Master Chief Petty Officer	Three (3) years
20	Senior Chief Petty Officer	Five (5) years
21	Chief Petty Officer	Eight (8) years

Any non-officer holding lower ranks than the above who stays in a rank for 10 22 years without being promoted to the next higher rank shall be evaluated by the Re-23 enlistment Fitness Board who shall verify suitability to continue in service and submit 24 a recommendation for the approval of the Commandant: Provided, That the original 25 enlistment term in the PCG shall be three (3) years and subsequent re-enlistment shall 26 be for the term of six (6) years, with the application for re-enlistment to be reviewed 27 by the Re-enlistment Fitness Board for recommendation to the Commandant for 28 approval: Provided, further, That the uniform allowance shall be payable every three 29 (3) years after complying with the physical fitness test. 30

Sec. 16. *Non-uniformed Personnel.* – There shall be non-uniformed personnel positions in the PCG. The head of the non-uniformed personnel shall occupy a rank of

Director III and shall be appointed by the President upon recommendation of the Commandant. The non-uniformed personnel shall establish their own *plantilla* positions to complement the strength of the PCG uniformed personnel.

Sec. 17. *Appointments.* – The appointment of the PCG Commandant and Flag Officers shall be approved by the President upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the DOTr. Appointments of all PCG non-officers shall be made by the PCG Commandant. Appointments of PCG officers, which shall be in the initial rank of Coast Guard Ensign shall be through a commissionship into service by the DOTr Secretary upon the recommendation of the Commandant.

The initial entry ranks for technical officers like lawyers, medical doctors and ecumenical clerics shall be in the rank of Lieutenant Senior Grade, dentists and veterinarians shall be Lieutenant Junior Grade, while nurses and chemists shall be commissioned in the rank of Ensign. Appointment of other technical professions that may be required later shall be based on the academic attainment or ranking of licensure examinations results issued by competent authority.

16 Appointments as well as the promotion of all non-uniformed personnel shall be 17 in accordance with the CSC laws, rules and regulations.

Sec. 18. *Basic Qualification for Uniformed Personnel.* – To qualify as officer or non-officer of the PCG, the applicant shall possess the following at the time of application:

- a) Natural born citizen of the Philippines;
- 22 b) A person of good moral conduct;
- c) Must have passed the psychiatric/psychological, drug and physical tests to
 be administered by the PCG Medical Service or by any PCG accredited
 government hospital for the purpose of determining physical and mental
 health;
- d) Must possess a formal baccalaureate degree, with appropriate license when
 applicable or professional civil service eligibility for appointment as officer,
 and must have finished at least 72 non-repetitive units of college education
 or senior high school graduate with six (6) months TESDA skills course
 related to the functions of PCG for appointment as non-officers upon
 effectivity of this Act; and

e) Must not have been dishonorably discharged from military employment or dismissed for cause from any non-uniformed personnel position in the government.

Sec. 19. *Promotions of Officers and Non-officers.* – The promotion of PCG officers and non-officers shall be based on merit and fitness in accordance with the following procedures:

- a) Officers shall only be promoted after undergoing deliberation before the
 promotion boards: Provided, That promotion boards shall submit the results
 of their deliberation to the Commandant for approval and corresponding
 endorsement to the Secretary of Transportation for transmittal to the
 President for approval;
 - b) There shall also be appropriate promotion boards for non-officers whose recommendation shall be submitted to the Commandant for approval.

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Provided, further, That at the time of promotion, the officer or non-officers concerned shall possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications provided under pertinent laws, rules and regulations, specifically on the completion of required career course, training, examination and minimum time-in-grade as applicable for specific ranks.

19 Sec. 20. *Gender Sensitivity Program.* – Gender concerns should be addressed 20 in all planning activities, setting of priorities, allocating of resources and identifying 21 actions and activities of the PCG. It should also incorporate a gender sensitive 22 perspective in the implementation of such plans and programs.

Gender sensitivity shall also be mainstreamed in all its internal policies, strategies, budget, projects, structures and mechanisms, including but not limited to hiring, promotions, assignment, training opportunities, pay and benefits. A gender perspective should likewise be integrated in all its training programs, especially for maritime search and rescue.

Sec. 21. *PCG Insignia, Decorations and Awards.* – The PCG shall have its own insignia and badges to denote rank, specialty and assignment including uniforms, decorations and awards, all of which shall be submitted to the National Historical Institute for registration in the flags and heraldic list: Provided, That there shall be an established awards system which shall be administered by the PCG under such rules

and regulations as may be promulgated with the approval of the Secretary ofTransportation.

Sec. 22. *Legal Assistance.* – The Secretary of Transportation or the Commandant of the PCG may authorize lawyers of their respective agencies to provide legal assistance to any member of the PCG charged with an offense or crime resulting from the performance or on occasion of official duty. The government lawyers so authorized shall have the power to administer oaths.

Sec. 23. *Power to Administer Oath.* – Officers of the PCG in the active service
 with the grade of O-5 or when designated with appropriate orders as administrative
 officer of a unit, shall have the power to administer oaths on matters which are
 connected with the performance of their official duties. Senior non-commissioned
 officers (grades E-7 to E10) who are designated through appropriate orders, as Chief Master-At-Arms (CMAA) or unit master chief are also empowered to administer oaths.
 Sec. 24. *Maritime and Coast Guard Attaché*. – The PCG shall have maritime and

coast guard attaché in the International Maritime Organization, other international
institution or as member of diplomatic missions or embassies.

The assignment or deployment of maritime or coast guard attaché shall be with prior approval of the Secretary of Foreign Affairs.

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CHAPTER IV

PAYS, ALLOWANCES AND BENEFITS

Sec. 25. *Salaries and Other Benefits.* – The uniformed personnel of the PCG shall receive the same base pay, hazard pay and other benefits and allowances as are now or hereafter may be authorized for corresponding salary grades and ranks in the AFP. The salaries and allowances of the non-uniformed personnel of the PCG shall be in accordance with existing Civil Service laws, rules and regulations.

Sec. 26. *Longevity Pay and Allowances*. – Uniformed personnel of the PCG shall be entitled to a longevity pay of ten percent (10%) of their basic monthly salaries for every five (5) years of continuous active service, which shall be reckoned from the date of actual service in the PCG: Provided, That the totality of such longevity pay shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the basic pay. They shall also continue to enjoy the subsistence allowance, quarters allowance, clothing allowance, cost of living allowance, hazardous duty pay and other collateral allowances but not limited to sea

duty pay, flying pay, special counsel allowance, occupational specialty pay, instructors 1 2 duty pay, combat pay for officers and non-officers of the PCG performing combat duties/activities or engaged in actual performance of duties as defined in regulations 3 to be issued by the Commandant and all other applicable allowances as provided by 4 existing laws: Provided, further, That the PCG shall, subject to approval of the 5 President, issue a specific policy pertaining to collateral allowances for specific duties 6 actually performed. All collateral allowances shall be reflected in the pay slip of 7 8 qualified personnel.

Sec. 27. Uniformed Personnel Missing in Action. - The survivors of any officer 9 or non-officer who, while in the performance of duty, is officially confirmed missing in 10 action, kidnapped or captured by lawless elements shall be entitled to receive the 11 same pay and allowances to which such officer or non-officer is entitled from the time 12 13 of the latter's disappearance: Provided, That the compulsory retirement of an absentee, in applicable cases, shall be processed to allow his/her survivors to enjoy 14 the retirement benefits: Provided, further, That should the Commandant, upon the 15 recommendation of the proper authority or immediate supervisor, subsequently rule 16 17 that the officer or non-officer concerned has been absent from duty without authority, 18 such member or the latter's survivors shall reimburse the PCG all such amount and allowances that have been received in accordance with this section and other pertinent 19 sections of this Act. 20

Sec. 28. *Emergency and Medical Assistance.* – The PCG shall have an emergency medical assistance fund, sourced from the PCG's Annual Budget Plan as reflected in the General Appropriations Act (GAA) for hospitalization, operation, medication and rehabilitation of personnel arising from injuries suffered on occasion of or in the performance of official functions until such time that the PCG hospital is fully operational.

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CHAPTER V

ACTIVE SERVICE AND SEPARATION

Sec. 29. *Active Service.* – For purposes of this Act, active service of the uniformed personnel shall refer to services rendered as an officer and non-officer, cadet, trainee or draftee in the PCG and services rendered as a non-uniformed personnel in the Philippine Government prior to the date of separation or retirement

from the PCG: Provided, That, for purposes of retirement, the personnel shall have 1 2 rendered at least ten (10) years of active service as officer or non-officer in the PCG: Provided, further, That no period of such non-uniformed personnel government 3 service be longer than the active coast guard service shall be credited for purposes of 4 retirement. Service rendered as cadet in any service academy in the Philippines or 5 abroad under sponsorship of the PCG such as the Philippine Merchant Marine 6 7 Academy, probationary officer, draftee or trainee shall be included in computing the years in active service for retirement purposes if such personnel joins the service right 8 after graduation. 9

Sec. 30. *Retirement.* – Upon attaining fifty-seven (57) years of age or accumulation of thirty (30) years of continuous satisfactory active service, whichever comes later, a PCG uniformed personnel shall be compulsorily retired: Provided, That technical officers may extend their tenure of service up to sixty (60) years or until having accumulated twenty (20) years of satisfactory active service, whichever comes later.

Any officer or non-officer may choose to retire on their own option upon accumulating at least twenty (20) years in active service.

For purposes of this Act, an officer or non-officer who dies after accumulating at least twenty (20) years of satisfactory active service shall be considered as retired.

The retirement of non-uniformed personnel of the PCG shall be governed by the GSIS law, rules and regulations.

Sec. 31. *Separation*. – Separation from the Coast Guard service may be done through compulsory retirement, optional retirement upon reaching 20 years in service, disability discharge, expiration of enlistment term, voluntary resignation, attrition, dismissal for cause, or death.

The separation of non-uniformed personnel of the PCG shall be governed by the Civil Service laws, rules and regulations.

Sec. 32. *Attrition.* – There shall be established a system of attrition within the uniformed members of the PCG within one (1) year from the effectivity of this Act to be submitted by the PCG to the President for approval.

Sec. 33. *Retirement Benefits.* – An officer or uniformed personnel who is retired
 under Section 30 of this Act, or his/her qualified survivors, are entitled to receive, and
 may choose from, any of the following benefits:

- a) Gratuity Pay. A lump sum payment of gratuity pay equivalent to one (1)
 month of base and longevity pay computed based on the permanent salary
 grade last held for every year of service; or
- b) Retirement Pay A monthly retirement pay equivalent to fifty percent (50%)
 of monthly base and longevity pay computed based on the permanent salary
 grade last held by the personnel in case of twenty (20) years of active
 service, increasing by two and one-half percent (2½%) for every year of
 service rendered beyond twenty (20) years up to a maximum of ninety
 percent (90%) for thirty-six (36) years of active service and over.

Provided, That officers and non-officers who availed of optional retirement are entitled to receive monthly retirement pay upon retirement: Provided, finally, That upon retirement, an officer or non-officer is entitled to receive a lump sum equal to thirty-six (36) months of the monthly retirement pay.

The retirement pay of officers and non-officers who are killed-in-action or wounded in action resulting in total permanent disability shall be computed at the rate of ninety percent (90%) of the monthly base and longevity pay based on the permanent salary grade last held by the personnel regardless of years in active service.

The retirement benefits of non-uniformed personnel shall be governed by applicable Civil Service laws and regulations and the Government Service Insurance System Act.

Sec. 34. Separation Pay. - Officers and non-officers separated from the PCG 24 25 without having accumulated at least twenty (20) years of satisfactory active service, or their gualified survivors, shall receive a separation pay equivalent to one-month 26 base plus longevity pay based on the permanent salary grade the officer and non-27 officer holds at the time of separation for every year of active service: Provided, That 28 in the case of an officer in the grade of Captain or higher, who incurs physical disability 29 in the line of duty, the basis of separation pay shall be the last salary grade held by 30 such officer at the time of separation: Provided, further, That cadets, candidates, 31

trainees and draftees who voluntarily resign from service shall not be entitled to anyseparation pay.

The separation benefits of non-uniformed personnel shall be governed by applicable Civil Service laws and regulations and the Government Service Insurance System Act.

Sec. 35. Benefits for Death and Total Permanent Disability in the Line of Duty 6 7 or During Training. – Qualified survivors of officers and non-officers, including cadets, candidates, trainees and draftees, who died in the line of duty without having 8 9 accumulated at least twenty (20) years of satisfactory active service are entitled to a monthly life annuity, equivalent to fifty percent (50%) of the base and longevity pay 10 11 computed based on the permanent salary grade last held by the deceased officer and non-officer at the time of death: Provided, That, survivors of cadets, candidates, 12 trainees and draftees who died during training through their own fault or negligence 13 shall not be entitled to this benefit. 14

Officers or non-officers, including cadets, candidates, trainees and draftees, 15 16 who suffer total permanent physical disability in the line of duty or during training without having accumulated at least twenty (20) years of satisfactory active service 17 shall be entitled to a monthly life annuity, equivalent to fifty percent (50%) of the 18 base and longevity pay computed based on the permanent salary grade last held by 19 the officer or non-officer when the disability occurred: Provided, That the extent of 20 21 the disability or sickness which renders such member unfit or unable to further perform the duties of the position held shall be certified by the appropriate Government 22 23 hospital: Provided, further, That cadets, candidates, trainees and draftees who suffer 24 total permanent physical disability during training through their own fault or 25 negligence shall not be entitled to this benefit.

The death and disability benefits of non-uniformed personnel shall be governed by applicable Civil Service laws and regulations and the Government Service Insurance System Act.

Sec. 36. *Survivors.* – The family of deceased officers or non-officers who are
 alive and may claim benefits after such uniformed personnel dies in line of duty or the
 pensioner dies. The following criteria shall apply:

- a) Surviving spouse if married to the deceased prior to the latter's
 retirement/separation and not legally separated by judicial decree from the
 deceased issued on grounds not attributable to said spouse: Provided, That
 the spouse's entitlement of benefits shall terminate when the spouse dies,
 remarries, cohabits or engages in a common-law relationship;
- b) Surviving children of officers or non-officers born of marriage contracted 6 7 prior to his retirement/separation from the service, surviving children adopted legally prior to his retirement/separation, illegitimate children born 8 9 while the deceased parent was still on active service: Provided, That entitlement to benefits shall terminate when such children attain twenty-10 one (21) years of age or upon marriage: Provided, further, That those who 11 have reached the age of twenty-one (21) years but are incapacitated and 12 incapable of self-support due to a mental or physical defect acquired prior 13 to age of majority shall remain entitled to the benefits. 14
- c) In default of those mentioned in paragraph (a) and (b), the surviving parent
 or parents.

As regards question of filiation involving survivor-claimants, the same shall be submitted first by the claimants to competent court for determination before benefits can be given.

Sec. 37. *Survivorship Benefits.* – The qualified survivors are entitled to a monthly annuity equivalent to seventy-five percent (75%) of the officer or nonofficer's retirement or separation benefits, to be divided among them in equal shares and with the right of accretion.

24 Survivorship benefits for non-uniformed personnel shall be governed by the 25 GSIS Law.

Sec. 38. *Disability Pension*. – In addition to the other benefits under this Act, an officer or non-officer who is retired or separated by reason of disability, which is the proximate result of wounds or injuries sustained or sickness or disease acquired in the line of duty shall receive a monthly disability pension as follows:

a) If and while the disability is rated twenty-five percent (25%) – Five thousand
 pesos (P5,000.00);

- b) If and while the disability is rated fifty percent (50%) Ten thousand pesos
 (P10,000.00);
- 3 4

c) If and while the disability is rated seventy-five percent (75%) – Fifteen thousand pesos (P15,000.00);

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d) If and while the disability is rated one hundred percent (100%) – Twenty thousand pesos (P20,000.00).

The officer or non-officer receiving the benefits under this Section may be
required to undergo periodic physical and medical examination to determine the extent
of disability for purposes of adjusting the disability pension.

Sec. 39. Old-Age Pension. – A retired PCG uniformed personnel who is at least 10 sixty-five (65) years of age shall be entitled to old-age pension amounting to Five 11 Thousand Pesos (P5,000.00) monthly and an additional amount of One Thousand 12 Seven Hundred Pesos (P1,700.00) monthly upon reaching the age of seventy (70): 13 Provided, That only retired PCG uniformed personnel who shall have been honorably 14 discharged or retired after at least twenty (20) years of total PCG active service or 15 sooner separated while in the active service in the PCG due to disability arising or 16 incurred in actual operations or performance of duties are entitled to receive this 17 monthly benefit. 18

19 Sec. 40. *Application of Related Laws on Retirement and Separation of* 20 *Uniformed Personnel.* – The retirement system under Presidential Decree No. 1638, 21 as amended, and the provisions of Republic Act No. 8220, Republic Act No. 9365, and 22 other similar applicable laws, insofar as not inconsistent with applicable provisions of 23 this Act, shall be given suppletory effect.

Sec. 41. *Incentives and Awards.* – There shall be established an awards system with corresponding incentives and benefits similar to other uniformed services which shall be administered by a board under such rules, regulations and standards as may be promulgated by the PCG: Provided, that in the case of non-uniformed personnel, the system of incentives and awards shall be approved and in accordance with the CSC laws, rules and regulations.

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CHAPTER VI DISCIPLINARY SYSTEM

1 Sec. 42. Disciplinary System. - The PCG shall adopt the PCG Code of Conduct 2 which shall be applicable to all its uniformed personnel. Non-uniformed personnel shall be covered under the disciplinary rules of the Civil Service. The Commandant shall be 3 4 assisted by the Coast Guard Internal Affairs in enforcing discipline and order within its ranks though for disciplinary issues depending on gravity, unit commanders shall 5 exercise disciplinary powers over personnel under their command. The PCG shall 6 7 within six (6) months from the effectivity of this Act, issue policies, rules and procedures applying the PCG Code of Conduct based on the provisions of 8 9 Commonwealth Act No. 408, as amended by RA No. 516, RA No. 242, PD No. 1968 and PD No. 1166: Provided, That for non-uniformed personnel, the PCG shall issue 10 11 rules and procedures implementing Book VII of EO No. 292 and the Civil Service laws, 12 and applicable CSC administrative rules and issuances: Provided, further, That in times of war, during which the PCG or any of its offices is attached to the DND, the military 13 justice system of the AFP shall apply. 14

Sec. 43. *Disciplinary Authority*. – The Commandant exercises disciplinary authority at any time over all personnel of the PCG. The authority to discipline shall also be exercised by unit commanders and Commanding Officers including Station Commanders, Sub-Station Commanders, and head of Morning Report Carrying Units.

Sec. 44. *Jurisdiction.* – A complaint or a charge filed against a PCG member
 shall be heard and decided exclusively by the disciplining authority who has acquired
 original jurisdiction over the case notwithstanding the existence of concurrent
 jurisdiction as regards the offense.

Sec. 45. *Dismissal of PCG Personnel.* – The Commandant, after due notice and
 summary hearing, may immediately remove or dismiss any respondent PCG personnel
 and major unit commanders may recommend such in any of the following cases:

26 27 a) In cases of drug abuse where subsequent confirmation test confirms the use of prohibited drugs;

b) When the charge is serious and the evidence of guiit is strong;

c) When the respondent is a recidivist or has been repeatedly charged and
there are reasonable grounds to believe that he is guilty of the charges; and
d) When the respondent is guilty of a serious offense involving conduct
unbecoming a PCG personnel.

An officer or non-officer who is continuously absent without approved leave for at least thirty (30) calendar days shall be considered on absence without official leave (AWOL) and shall be presumed voluntarily resigned: Provided, That one shall be informed by registered mail at the address appearing on one's 201 file of one's separation from the service not later than five (5) calendar days from the effectivity thereof.

The dismissal of PCG non-uniformed personnel shall be governed by Civil
Service laws, rules and regulations.

Sec. 46. Coast Guard Internal Affairs Service. - To maintain accountability in 9 government service through discipline and efficiency, there shall be an Internal Affairs 10 Service (IAS) in the PCG. The CGIAS shall foster and promote accountability in 11 government service within the PCG and follow the basic principles of integrity, 12 objectivity, independence, confidentiality, professionalism, competence, courage, 13 trust, honesty, fairness, forthrightness, public accountability and respect for others 14 and themselves. It shall have the power to investigate and inquire into any and all 15 activities of the PCG units and personnel, review processes, procedures and operations 16 to determine if such were conducted effectively and efficiently. 17

The personnel of the CGIAS whether officer or non-officer, who are performing actual investigative duties, including PCG Personnel who provide legal assistance or perform criminal investigative duties, shall be granted occupational specialty pay which shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of their basic pay and shall be reflected in their pay slip for the work performed: Provided, That such personnel shall not be entitled to the occupational specialty pay under Section 26 hereof.

CHAPTER VII

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MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 47. *Organization of a PCG Auxiliary (PCGA).* – The PCG shall continue to maintain, supervise, develop and train the PCGA as a non-uniformed personnel volunteer organization under the direct control and supervision of the PCG Commandant. The PCGA shall assist the PCG in the promotion of safety of life and property at sea, the preservation of the marine environment and its resources, the conduct of maritime search and rescue, the maintenance of aids to navigation and such other activities that enhance maritime community relations which include civic

action, participation under the National Service Training Program, youth development,
 recreational safety and other related activities.

Sec. 48. Lateral Entry. – Active members of other uniformed services under the 3 4 Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP), Philippine National Police (PNP), Bureau of Fire Protection (BFP) and Bureau of Jail Management and Penology (BJMP) may join the 5 PCG through lateral entry. The rank for officers eligible for such entry must not be 6 higher than Lieutenant Commander and Petty Officer Second Class for non-officers. 7 8 Notwithstanding the corps they wish to join, all entrants shall only be accepted if, on 9 or before time of entry, they: a) are not under investigation, b) are not on absence without leave (AWOL) status, c) are not serving sentence, whether administrative or 10 criminal, d) have not been issued reprimand in the last two (2) years, or e) have not 11 received an unfavorable rating in the latest performance rating. 12

However, if an entrant possesses specific skills that may not be readily developed in new recruits, lateral entry may be allowed for ranks higher than those mentioned above: Provided, That the new entrant can serve at least ten (10) years in PCG active service prior to reaching the mandatory retirement age.

Sec. 49. *Exemption from Attachment, Taxes, Charges and Fees.* – Retirement benefits granted by this Act, including benefits received from a duly instituted provident fund and mutual benefit association shall not be subject to attachment, levy, execution or any tax of whatever nature.

In the establishment and operation of radar and radio stations and other communication facilities, the PCG shall not be subject to payment of charges and fees as imposed by the National Telecommunications Commission (NTC): Provided, That the PCG shall only use frequencies as may be allowed or assigned by the NTC consistent with international regulations and guidelines.

Except as provided in the preceding paragraph, the PCG shall, in the performance of its functions, enjoy such rights and privileges enjoyed by other governmental and law enforcement agencies, instrumentalities, and governmentowned and controlled corporations such as but not limited to exemption from registration application for license, and payment of fees as imposed by other governmental agencies or regulatory bodies. Should the PCG be required to register or to file application, the fees to be charged shall only be in such minimal amount

corresponding to the actual administrative cost necessary for the issuance of the
 permit, license or certificate.

Sec. 50. *PCG Properties and Lighthouse Reservations*. – The PCG shall continue to exercise exclusive ownership, possession, management, control and supervision over all properties transferred to it by virtue of Executive Order No. 475 dated 30 March 1998 and Executive Order No. 477 dated 15 April 1998, such as inter alia, vessels, watercrafts, firearms, armaments, munitions, communications and electronic equipment, vehicles, buildings, real state, lighthouse stations and reservations.

Sec. 51. Establishment and Expansion of Coast Guard Bases, Equipment and 9 *Facilities.* – In coordination with other appropriate government agencies, the PCG shall 10 develop and enhance its capabilities in the performance of its mandated functions and 11 establish its strategic presence. Towards this end, the PCG shall, through the guidance 12 13 of Congress, draft its development plan that shall reflect its asset, equipment and facility requirement that includes but not limited to floating assets, laboratories, land-14 based support facilities, land mobility, arms and ammunition, rescue and hospital ship, 15 maritime monitoring surveillance and communications system, port facilities, air assets 16 17 and air stations.

Section 52. *Implementing Rules and Regulations*. – For submission to the Secretary of Transportation for approval, the Philippine Coast Guard, not later than one hundred twenty (120) days from the effectivity of this Act, shall issue rules and regulations, determine, fix and/or prescribe charges, rates, and penalties, as may be necessary, to implement its provisions, as well as the provisions of laws, issuances, decrees and orders related to the implementation of PCG functions.

Sec. 53. *Appropriations.* – The amount necessary for the initial implementation of this Act shall be charged against the current year's appropriations of the PCG. Thereafter, such amount shall be included in the General Appropriations Act.

Sec. 54. *Separability Clause.* – If for any reason, any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, such parts not affected thereby shall remain in full force and effect.

30 Sec. 55. *Repealing Clause.* – Republic Act No. 9993 is hereby repealed and all 31 laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations and other issuances or parts

- thereof which are inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modifiedaccordingly.
- Sec. 56. *Effectivity.* This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
 publication in the *Official Gazette* or in any two (2) newspapers of general circulation.
 Approved,