CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS Second Regular Session

## SENATE

S. No. 1531

PREPARED AND SUBMITTED JOINTLY BY THE COMMITTEES ON ENERGY; WAYS AND MEANS; PUBLIC SERVICES AND FINANCE, WITH SENATORS LEGARDA, BINAY, TRILLANES IV AND GATCHALIAN, AS AUTHORS THEREOF

AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION, ENHANCING THE EFFICIENT USE OF ENERGY, GRANTING INCENTIVES TO ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION PROJECTS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	CHAPTER I
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as
4	the "Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act of $2018$ ".
5	SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy It is hereby declared
6	the policy of the State to:
7	(a) Institutionalize energy efficiency and conservation
8	as a national way of life geared towards the efficient and

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- 1 judicious utilization of energy by formulating, developing, and
- 2 implementing energy efficiency and conservation plans and
- 3 programs to secure sufficiency and stability of energy
- 4 supply in the country, to cushion the impact of high prices
- 5 of imported fuels on local markets, and to protect the
- 6 environment in support of the economic and social
- 7 development goals of the country;
- 8 (b) Promote and encourage the development and
- 9 utilization of efficient renewable energy technologies,
- 10 systems, and other energy efficient practices to ensure
- 11 optimal use and sustainability of the country's energy
- 12 resources:
- 13 (c) Reinforce related laws and other statutory
- 14 provisions for a comprehensive approach to energy
- 15 efficiency, conservation, and sufficiency in the country;
- 16 and
- 17 (d) Ensure a market-driven approach to energy
- 18 efficiency, conservation, sufficiency, and sustainability in
- the country.

1 SEC. 3. Scope. – This Act shall establish a framework for introducing and institutionalizing fundamental policies 2 on energy efficiency and conservation, including the 3 promotion of efficient and judicious utilization of energy, 4 5 increase in the utilization of energy efficiency and 6 renewable energy technologies, and the definition of responsibilities of various government agencies and 7 8 private entities.

- 9 SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. For the purposes of 10 this Act, the following terms shall have the following 11 meanings unless indicated otherwise:
- 12 (a) Certified Energy Conservation Officer (CECO) 13 refers to a professional who obtains a certification as a CECO after demonstrating high levels of experience. 14 15 competence, proficiency, and ethical fitness in the energy 16 management profession, and who shall be responsible for the supervision and maintenance of the facilities of Type 1 17 Designated Establishments for the proper management of 18 19 energy consumption and such other functions deemed

- necessary for the efficient and judicious utilization of energy under this Act;
- (b) Certified Energy Managers (CEM) refers to a 3 licensed engineer who obtains a certification as a CEM 4 after demonstrating high levels of experience, competence, 5 proficiency, and ethical fitness in the energy management 6 7 profession, and who shall be chosen by Type 2 Designated Establishments to plan. lead, manage, coordinate, monitor, 8 and evaluate the implementation of sustainable energy 9 10 management within their organizations:
- (c) Designated Establishment refers to a private or 11 public entity in the commercial, industrial, transport, 12 power, agriculture, public works, and other sectors 13 identified by the Department of Energy (DOE) as energy 14 intensive industries based on their annual energy 15 16 consumption in the previous year or another annual index equivalent to such energy, the amount of which is 17 indicated in this Act and subject to adjustment by the 18 19 DOE as it deems necessary:

1	(d)	Dist	tribution	n l	Itility	refer	s to	any	elect	tric
2	cooperati	ve,	private	e (	corpora	tion,	gove	rnmen	t-owr	ned
3	utility, o	r exi	isting l	ocal	govern	nment	unit	which	has	an
4	exclusive	fra	nchise	to	operate	e a	distril	oution	syst	em

including those whose franchise covers economic zones:

- (e) Department of Energy (DOE) refers to the agency created through Republic Act No. 7638 or the "Department of Energy Act of 1992" and whose functions were expanded by Republic Act No. 9136 or the "Electric Power Industry Reform Act of 2001":
  - (f) Energy refers to all types of energy available commercially including, but not limited to, natural gas (liquid natural gas and liquid oil gas), all heating and cooling fuels (including district heating and district cooling), coal, transport fuels, and renewable energy sources:
- 17 (g) Energy Audit refers to the evaluation of energy
  18 consumption and review of current energy cost to determine
  19 appropriate intervention measures and efficiency projects in
  20 which energy can be judiciously and efficiently used to

- achieve savings. It can refer to a walk-through audit, a
   preliminary audit, or a detailed audit;
- 3 (h) Energy Auditor refers to individuals or entities
  4 certified by DOE who have proven credibility and
  5 competence to conduct an Energy Audit: Provided, That
  6 the guidelines in the certification of Energy Auditors shall
  7 be developed by DOE upon consultation with
  8 stakeholders:
- 9 (i) Energy Conservation refers to the reduction of
  10 losses and wastage in various energy stages from energy
  11 production to energy consumption through the adoption of
  12 appropriate measures that are technologically feasible,
  13 economically sound, environmentally-friendly, and
  14 socially affordable;
- 15 (j) Energy Consumption and Conservation Report
  16 refers to the periodic report submitted to the DOE by
  17 Type 1 and Type 2 Designated Establishments, and the
  18 Transmission Utility with regard to the National Energy
  19 Efficiency & Conservation Plan containing their among
  20 others, energy consumption, energy loss, and status of

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energy use: *Provided*, That the comprehensive contents of
the report shall be specified by DOE;

- 3 (k) Energy Efficiency refers to the way of managing
  4 and restraining the growth in energy consumption
  5 resulting in the delivery of more services for the same
  6 energy input or the same services for less energy input:
- 7 (l) Energy Efficiency and Conservation Office (EECO)
  8 refers to the office to be established in local government units
  9 mandated to oversee and monitor the implementation of each
  10 local government unit's Local Energy Efficiency and
  11 Conservation Plan;
- 12 (m) Energy Efficiency and Conservation Officer (EEC 13 Officer) refers to the head of the EECO responsible for 14 overseeing the implementation of the Local Energy 15 Efficiency and Conservation Plan at the local government 16 level;
- 17 (n) Energy Efficient Projects refers to projects designed 18 to reduce energy consumption and costs by any improvement, 19 repair, alteration, or betterment of any building or facility, or 20 any equipment, fixture, or furnishing to be added to or used

- 1 in any building, facility, or vehicle including the
- 2 manufacturing and provision of services related thereof:
- 3 Provided, That these projects must be cost-effective and
- 4 will lead to lower energy or utility costs during operation
- 5 and maintenance;
- 6 (o) Energy End-Users refers to all individuals and
- 7 entities which consume energy to include, but shall not be
- 8 limited to, households, industrial and commercial
- 9 customers, power plants, distribution utilities, and
- 10 transmission utilities:
- 11 (p) Energy Labeling refers to the Philippine Energy
- 12 Standards and Labeling Program (PESLP) which requires
- 13 manufacturers to attach an energy label on their products
- 14 to inform consumers about the energy performance and
- 15 efficiency of the product;
- 16 (q) Energy Management refers to the process of
- 17 designing and implementing an optimal program of
- 18 purchasing, generating, and consuming various types of
- 19 energy based on the end-user's overall short-term and
- 20 long-term management program, with due consideration

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of factors including costs, availability, economics, and environmental impact;

(r) Energy Service Company (ESCO) refers to a 3 juridical entity that offers multi-technology services and 4 goods towards developing and designing energy efficiency 5 6 projects, delivering and guaranteeing energy savings, and 7 ensuring cost-effective and optimal performance. The 8 services include, but are not limited to, energy supply and 9 management, energy financing, technical engineering 10 expertise and consultancy, equipment supply, installation, 11 operation, maintenance, and upgrade, and monitoring and 12 verification of performance and savings. The goods include, but are not limited to, lighting, motors and drives, heating, 13 ventilation, and air conditioning systems, building envelope 14 improvements, and waste heat recovery, cooling, heating, or 15 16 other usable forms of energy control systems;

(s) Energy Sufficiency refers to a condition where the quantity of the supply of energy is enough or sufficient to meet the demand, including the required reserves;

1	(t) Government Energy Efficiency Projects refers to
2	energy efficiency projects carried out by all government
3	departments, government-owned and -controlled corporations
4	(GOCCs), state colleges and universities, hospitals, and
5	other instrumentalities of the government which have
6	been evaluated and endorsed by the DOE for approval of
7	the Inter-Agency Energy Efficiency and Conservation
8	Committee created under this Act;
9	(u) Government Energy Management Program (GEMP)
10	refers to the government-wide program to reduce the
11	government's monthly consumption of electricity and
12	petroleum products through, among others, electricity
13	efficiency and conservation, and efficiency and
14	conservation in fuel use of government vehicles;
15	(v) Local Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plan
16	(LEECP) refers to a collaborative and multi-
17	stakeholder comprehensive framework, governance
18	structure, and programs for local energy efficiency and
19	conservation with defined targets, feasible strategies,
20	and regular monitoring and evaluation: Provided, That

- 1 it shall be aligned with this Act and the National
- 2 Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plan;
- 3 (w) Local Government Units (LGUs) refers to the
- 4 government units created through Republic Act No.
- 5 7160;
- 6 (x) Minimum Energy Performance (MEP) refers to a
- 7 performance standard which prescribes a minimum level
- 8 of energy performance for the commercial, industrial, and
- 9 transport sectors, and energy-consuming products
- 10 including, but not limited to, appliances, lighting,
- 11 electrical equipment, machinery, and transport vehicles
- 12 that must be met or exceeded before they can be offered
- 13 for sale or used for residential, commercial, transport, and
- 14 industrial purposes;
- 15 (y) National Energy Efficiency and Conservation
- 16 Coordinating Officer (NEECCO) refers to the person
- 17 appointed by the league of LGUs from among all the EEC
- 18 Officers of different local governments who shall be
- 19 responsible for integrating all the Local Energy Efficiency
- 20 and Conservation Plans;

1	(z) National Energy Efficiency and Conservation
2	Database (NEECD) refers to a centralized, comprehensive,
3	and unified database on national energy consumption,
4	the application and use of energy efficient and
5	renewable energy technologies, and other critical and
6	relevant information to be used for evaluation,
7	analysis, and dissemination of data and information
8	related to energy efficiency and conservation;
9	(aa) National Energy Efficiency and Conservation
10	Plan (NEECP) refers to the national comprehensive
11	framework, governance structure, and programs for
12	energy efficiency and conservation with defined national
13	targets, feasible strategies, and regular monitoring and
14	evaluation: Provided, That it is aligned with this Act and
15	is a result of a collaborative and multi-stakeholder
16	consultative process: Provided, further, That it shall be
17	regularly reviewed and revised as determined by the
18	DOE;
19	(bb) Philippine Qualifications Framework (PQF)
20	refers to a national policy describing the levels of

- 1 educational qualifications and sets of standards for qualification outcomes. It is a quality assured national  $^2$ system for the development, recognition, and award of 3 qualifications based on the standards of knowledge, skills, 4 and values acquired in different ways and methods by 5 6 learners and workers. It is an assessment-based qualification recognition which is competency-based and 7 8 labor market driven:
- 9 (cc) Transport Vehicle refers to transport vehicles,
  10 be it land, air, or sea regardless of size or weight
  11 classification;
- (dd) Specific Energy Consumption (SEC) refers to
  the energy consumption volume required per unit, such as
  production volume, sales amount, transportation kilometer,
  transportation tonne-kilometer, floor space, and such other
  indicators relevant to energy consumption; and
  - (ee) Transmission Utility refers to any private corporation or government-owned utility, which has an exclusive franchise to operate the system of wires for the

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1	conveyance of electricity through a high voltage backbone
2	line.
3	CHAPTER 2
4	ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES
5	SEC. 5. Implementing Agency The DOE shall be
6	the lead government agency in the implementation of the
7	provisions of this Act. It shall be responsible for the planning,
8	formulation, development, implementation, enforcement, and
9	monitoring of energy management policies and other related
10	energy efficiency and conservation plans and programs. In
11	addition to its existing mandate, the DOE shall also have
12	the following powers and functions:
13	(a) Spearhead the creation and update the
14	development of the NEECP in coordination with pertinent
15	government agencies, LGUs, and private corporations and
16	organizations;
17	(b) Develop a system of monitoring the
18	implementation of the NEECP, including the targets that

are established therein;

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(c) Develop and maintain the NEECD,

2	coordination with and assisted by the Philippine
3	Statistical Authority (PSA), to ensure efficient evaluation,
4	analysis, and dissemination of data and information for
5	enforcement, planning, and policy-making purposes;
6	(d) Lead the efforts to ensure compliance with the
7	GEMP in accordance with the strategic direction provided
8	by the Inter-Agency Energy Efficiency and Conservation
9	Committee;
10	(e) Develop, impose, and review the MEP enforced
11	on machinery and equipment, appliances, technologies,
12	vehicles, and other energy-consuming equipment and
13	electric devices, among others, in consultation with the
14	Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) - Bureau of
15	Philippine Standards (BPS), and pursuant to Chapter 5,
16	Section 13 of this Act;
17	(f) Require manufacturers, importers, and dealers
18	to comply with the MEP, and to display on the packaging

and on their products the energy label showing the energy

requirement and consumption efficiency of such products;

1	(g) Periodically review and reclassify designated
2	establishments as defined under this Act and pursuant to
3	its implementing rules and regulations (IRR);
4	(h) Enforce and ensure compliance with prescribed
5	ratings standards for energy performance in buildings and
6	industries, in coordination with pertinent government
7	agencies;
8	(i) Support LGUs on matters related to energy
9	efficiency planning and promotion, the preparation of
10	their respective LEECPs, and its implementation through
11	various local energy efficiency programs: Provided, That
12	DOE shall provide LGUs with templates for reporting
13	updates on the implementation;
14	(j) Coordinate with the NEECCO for the integrated

LEECP to ensure its consistency and alignment with the

appropriate mechanism to effectively implement this Act:

Provided, That such mechanism shall, as much as

(k) Consult with energy end-users to develop the

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NEECP;

- 1 practicable, redound to the direct benefit of the energy
- 2 end-user;
- 3 (l) Initiate and maintain collaborative efforts with
- 4 the business sector, particularly the commercial,
- 5 industrial, transport, and power sectors, to ensure
- 6 compliance with this Act, and broaden and enhance their
- 7 efficient and judicious utilization of energy;
- 8 (m) Develop and undertake a national awareness
- 9 and advocacy campaign on energy efficiency and conservation
- 10 in partnership with business, academe, nongovernment
- 11 organizations, and other sectors;
- 12 (n) Provide annual reports to Congress, indicating,
- among others, the status of implementation of this Act at
- 14 the national and local levels as well as cost effectiveness
- 15 outcomes, and energy and environmental impacts resulting
- 16 from the implementation of this Act:
- 17 (o) Impose and collect reasonable fees for accreditation
- and certification for services provided in this Act; and
- 19 (p) Perform such other powers and functions as
- 20 may be necessary to attain the objectives of this Act.

- SEC. 6. Role of other Government Agencies. All government agencies including GOCCs shall ensure the efficient use of energy in their respective offices, facilities, transportation units, and in the discharge of their functions. In addition, the following agencies shall exercise the responsibilities and functions as enumerated hereunder:
  - (a) Board of Investments (BOI) The BOI shall include Energy Efficient Projects as defined in this Act in the annual investment priorities plan entitled to incentives provided under Executive Order No. 226 or the "Omnibus Investment Code of the Philippines" and any other applicable laws;

(b) Climate Change Commission (CCC) – The CCC shall collaborate with the DOE and other government agencies in establishing targets, determining strategies, and monitoring and recording all greenhouse gas emission reductions resulting from energy efficiency and conservation projects: *Provided*, That such targets and strategies are aligned with the NEECP;

1 (c) Commission on Audit (COA) - The COA shall

	recognize Government Energy Efficiency Projects as
3	defined under this Act consistent with government
4	accounting and auditing rules;
5	(d) Commission on Higher Education (CHED) $-$ The
6	CHED shall integrate into existing engineering curricula
7	appropriate courses related to energy management. It
8	shall also promote energy efficiency measures in higher
9	education institutions including state colleges and
10	universities;
11	(e) Department of Budget and Management (DBM)
12	- The DBM shall give due preference to funding
13	Government Energy Efficiency Projects as defined under
14	this Act;
15	(f) Department of Education (DepEd) – The DepEd
16	shall promote energy efficiency and conservation practices
17	through its K-12 career advocacy program;
	(g) Department of Finance (DOF) - The DOF, in

coordination with the DOE and other concerned agencies,

- 1 shall draw up appropriate mechanisms to implement the
- 2 fiscal incentives under this Act;
- 3 (h) Department of Environment and Natural
- 4 Resources (DENR) The DENR, in coordination with the
- 5 DOE and Department of the Interior and Local
- 6 Government (DILG), shall establish guidelines for the
- 7 accurate characterization of wastes arising from energy-
- 8 consuming devices, equipment, fixtures, and other
- 9 relevant items, including the end-of-life of vehicles and its
- 10 component parts: Provided, That such guidelines will
- 11 include appropriate containment features and
- 12 management of hazardous wastes, consistent with
- 13 Republic Act No. 6969 or the "Toxic Substances and
- 14 Hazardous and Nuclear Wastes Control Act of 1990";
- 15 (i) Department of the Interior and Local
- 16 Government (DILG) The DILG shall, in coordination
- 17 with the DOE, be responsible in ensuring compliance of
- 18 all LGUs in implementing the provisions of this Act;
- 19 (j) Department of Public Works and Highways
- 20 (DPWH) The DPWH shall, in coordination with the

- 1 DOE, be responsible for ensuring the implementation of
- 2 the Guidelines on Energy Conserving Design of Buildings
- 3 and Utility Systems as an integral part of the Roadway
- 4 Lighting Guidelines, and such other related guidelines as
- 5 may be issued by the DOE, and in accordance with
- 6 Republic Act No. 6541 or the "National Building Code of
- 7 the Philippines" and other related laws:
- 8 (k) Department of Science and Technology (DOST)
- 9 The DOST shall, in coordination with the DOE, be
- 10 responsible for carrying out strategic research and
- 11 development programs aimed at facilitating the
- 12 development of new and alternative energy efficient
- technologies and the promotion thereof:
- 14 (l) Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) The
- 15 DTI, through the BPS, shall, in consultation with the
- 16 DOE, require manufacturers, importers, and dealers to
- 17 comply with the MEP, and to display the energy label
- 18 and/or the energy efficiency label showing the energy
- 19 requirement and consumption efficiency of such products
- on the packaging and on the products themselves;

1	(m) Department of Transportation (DOTr) – The
2	DOTr shall, in coordination with the DOE and the DENR,
3	be responsible for ensuring compliance of vehicle owners,
4	manufacturers, and importers with the MEP for transport
5	vehicles consistent with the specifications for all types of
6	fuels prescribed under Republic Act No. 8749 or the
7	"Clean Air Act of 1999", and to display the energy
8	consumption label in coordination with the vehicle
9	manufacturers, transport industry associations, public
10	transport groups, and nongovernment organizations. The
11	DOTr shall also assist the DOE in the enforcement of and
12	compliance with measures under this Act and its IRR
13	relative to the energy consumption of the transport sector.
14	(n) Governance Commission for GOCCs (GCG) -
15	The GCG shall incorporate energy efficiency as a factor in
16	evaluating the performance of GOCCs;
17	(o) Government Financial Institutions (GFIs) – The
18	GFIs shall set aside lending funds for energy efficient
19	projects at concessional rates of interest to attract private
20	sector investments. The GFIs, in collaboration with the

IC, shall ensure the availability of compatible guarantee
or insurance products that would mitigate credit risks
associated with energy efficiency investments in small
and medium-sized enterprises and performance risks
related to energy efficiency solutions developed by ESCOs.

engineering companies, and other technology providers;

- (p) Insurance Commission (IC) The IC in collaboration with the GFIs shall ensure the availability of compatible guarantee products that would mitigate the credit risks associated with energy efficiency investments in small and medium-sized enterprises and performance risks related to the energy efficiency solutions developed by ESCOs, engineering companies, and other technology providers;
- (q) National Competitiveness Council (NCC) The NCC shall serve as the focal point for private sector involvement in the implementation of this Act in recognition of the potential of energy efficiency as a tool for improving the competitiveness of businesses in the country;

1	(r) Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) – The PSA
2	shall, in coordination with the DOE, institutionalize the
3	household energy consumption survey, the survey of
4	energy consumption of establishments, and other surveys
5	relating to energy supply, demand, efficiency, and
6	conservation, and assist the DOE in the establishment of
7	the NEECD as provided under this Act; and
8	(s) Technical Education Skills Development
9	Authority (TESDA) - The TESDA shall, in collaboration
10	with the DOE, CHED, DOST, and other training and
11	service institutions, shall develop Training Regulations
12	for the Certifications of Energy Managers and Energy
13	Efficiency and Conservation Officers. It shall also ensure
14	the promotion of energy efficiency practices and
15	renewable technologies through its Technical Vocational
16	Education and Training Programs. TESDA shall
17	implement skills training, assessment, and certification
18	programs for mechanics, technicians, installers, and
19	operators of energy efficient, as well as renewable energy
20	systems.

1	SEC. 1. Role of LGUs. – The LGUs through their
2	respective EECOs and Planning and Development
3	Offices/Units, with the assistance of the DOE and in
4	coordination with the DILG, shall develop and implement
5	their respective LEECP and incorporate these in their
6	local development plans.
7	Furthermore, the LGUs shall assist the DOE in
8	monitoring compliance with the obligations of designated
9	establishments under this Act for input in the NEECD.
10	SEC. 8. Role of Energy End-Users. – All energy end-
11	users shall use every available energy resource efficiently
12	and promote the development and utilization of new and
13	alternative energy efficient technologies and systems,
14	including renewable energy technologies, in compliance
15	with the declared policies of this Act.
16	CHAPTER 3
17	INTER-AGENCY ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND
18	CONSERVATION COMMITTEE
19	Sec. 9. Inter-Agency Energy Efficiency and
20	Conservation Committee An Inter-Agency Energy

- 1 Efficiency and Conservation Committee is hereby created
- 2 to approve Government Energy Efficiency Projects as
- 3 defined under this Act and to provide strategic direction
- 4 in the implementation of the GEMP.
- 5 The Committee shall be composed of the following
- 6 members:
- 7 (a) Secretary of the DOE;
- 8 (b) Secretary of the DBM;
- 9 (c) Secretary of the DOF:
- (d) Secretary of the DTI;
- (e) Secretary of the DOTr;
- 12 (f) Secretary of the DPWH;
- 13 (g) Director General of the National Economic and
- 14 Development Authority (NEDA); and
- 15 (h) Two (2) representatives from the private sector
- 16 who shall be recommended by the Secretary of the DOE
- 17 and chosen by the other members of the Committee:
- 18 Provided, That the said representatives are actively
- 19 involved in promoting energy efficiency and conservation:

- 1 Provided, further, That the said representatives shall
- 2 serve for a term of three (3) years.
- 3 The Secretary of the DOE shall serve as the
- 4 Chairperson of the Committee and the Energy Efficiency
- 5 and Conservation Public Sector Management Division of
- 6 DOE's Utilization Management Bureau (EUMB), as
- 7 defined in this Act, shall serve as the Committee's
- 8 Secretariat.
- 9 SEC. 10. Powers and Duties. The Committee shall
- 10 have the following powers and duties:
- 11 (a) To prepare an annual assessment of
- 12 opportunities for energy cost reduction in state-owned and
- 13 leased buildings and facilities designated by the
- 14 Committee: Provided, That each assessment shall be
- 15 completed each year: Provided, further, That the
- 16 assessment shall be available to the public: Provided,
- 17 finally. That the assessment shall include:
- 18 (1) Data for the preceding five (5) years on energy
- 19 consumption and costs including anticipated energy
- 20 consumption and cost projected for the next three (3)

- 1 years for each building and facility designated by the
- 2 Committee;
- 3 (2) Energy conservation measures deployed in
- 4 buildings and facilities designated by the Committee
- 5 during the preceding year;
- 6 (3) Evaluation studies of the cost reductions and
- 7 other benefits realized through the deployment of energy
- 8 conservation measures; and
- 9 (4) Energy conservation opportunities based on audits,
- technical analyses, or other methods of determining such
- 11 opportunities and associated energy saving operations
- 12 and maintenance procedures and capital projects for each
- 13 building or facility designated by the Committee.
- 14 (b) To review all proposed capital projects and
- 15 energy cost operating budgets of agencies designated by
- 16 the Committee and recommend energy conservation
- 17 measures which would reduce operating costs in buildings
- 18 or facilities;

1 (c) To provide any officer or entity of government, 2 technical and consultative assistance concerning energy

cost management or conservation;

- 4 (d) To annually recommend specific operations and
  5 maintenance procedure modifications and capital projects
  6 for state-owned and leased buildings and facilities
  7 designed to reduce energy consumption and costs:
- 8 (e) To conduct surveys, audits, technical analysis,
  9 and other research or investigations related to
  10 Government Energy Efficiency Projects and the GEMP as
  11 may be necessary to support the preparation of the
  12 NEECP and the objectives of this Act:
- 13 (f) To issue a report describing the status of 14 Government Energy Efficiency Projects and the GEMP. 15 listing obstacles building to energy efficiency 16 improvement together with related recommendations for statutory change, and identifying opportunities for public 17 18 sector energy cost reductions not addressed by this Act or 19 the programs developed pursuant hereto; and

1	(g) To develop, after study of existing or emerging
2	energy conservation technologies, guidelines as may be
3	necessary or desirable to aid the work of the Committee in
4	furtherance of the objectives of this Act.
5	CHAPTER 4
6	CERTIFICATION FOR PROFESSIONAL COMPETENCY AND
7	ACCREDITATION FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES
8	SEC. 11. Certified Energy Conservation Officer
9	(CECO) and Certified Energy Manager (CEM). – A system
10	for the certification and assessment of energy
11	conservation officers and energy managers shall be
12	established towards raising the professional standards of
13	those engaged in energy management.
14	The CECO certification system shall be developed by
15	DOE and TESDA. It shall be based on an approved scope
16	of practice, a set of competency standards with a clear
17	assessment and certification process, and a certification
18	for the determined competency undertaken by the prescribed
19	governance structure and quality assurance systems and
20	aligned with the PQF and applicable international

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this purpose.

standards.

Towards this end, TESDA shall conduct

2 training, assessment, and certification of workers for PQF 3 qualification levels 1 to 5, and shall register Technical Vocational Education and Training programs including 4 that of non-profit organizations and other private training 5 institutions. TESDA, in coordination with the DOE, shall 6 7 develop guidelines for this purpose. 8 The CEM certification and assessment system for registered engineers shall be established by CHED. 9 10 Towards this end, CHED shall offer professional 11 certificate programs for energy managers and, in 12 coordination with the DOE and TESDA, shall develop 13 undergraduate, graduate, and professional certificate 14 programs on energy management to ensure availability of 15 competencies and skills required to promote and achieve the country's sustainable energy goals. CHED, in 16 17 coordination with the DOE, shall develop guidelines for

19 Sec. 12. Accreditation of Energy Service Company 20 (ESCO). – The DOE shall strengthen the existing ESCO

1	accreditation system to develop this service sector and to
2	provide the market with a source of technically and
3	financially capable entities that can assist in the delivery
4	of energy efficiency-related projects.
5	ESCOs applying for accreditation must demonstrate
6	their technical and managerial competence to design and
7	implement energy efficiency projects, including but not
8	limited to:
9	(a) Energy Audits;
10	(b) Design Engineering;
11	(c) Providing or arranging project financing;
12	(d) Construction Management;
13	(e) Operations and Maintenance of Energy
14	Efficiency Technologies; and
15	(f) Verifying Energy Savings.
16	CHAPTER 5
17	ENERGY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND
18	LABELING REQUIREMENTS
19	SEC. 13. Minimum Energy Performance (MEP)
20	The MEP for the commercial, industrial, and transport

sectors shall be developed by the DOE, in consultation 1 with relevant stakeholders, and guided by a cost-benefit 2 analysis which shall be completed by the DOE with the 3 assistance of the NEDA within one (1) year from the 4 effectivity of this Act: Provided. That the adoption and 5 enforcement of the MEP shall form part of the NEECP. 6 The MEP for energy-consuming products through a 7 particular product requirement under the PESLP shall 8 9 also be developed by the DOE in consultation with relevant stakeholders involved in the manufacturing, sale, 10 and use of the products covered. The DOE shall also 11 12 develop the energy performance testing guidelines for all 13 energy-consuming products to ensure compliance with the 14 MEP. manufacturers, importers, distributors, and 15 retailers of energy-consuming products shall comply with 16 17 the MEP, subject their energy-consuming products to energy performance testing, and submit their respective 18

product information to the DOE.

1	No manufacturer, importer, distributor, and retailer
2	shall sell, lease, or import any energy-consuming product
3	unless the product complies with the MEP and the
4	product or its package is labeled in accordance with this
5	Act.
6	Sec. 14. Energy Labeling for Products and
7	Equipment The DOE shall prescribe energy labels for
8	all energy-consuming products, devices, and equipment
9	Manufacturers, importers, suppliers, distributors, and retailers
10	engaged in selling these products, devices, and equipment shall
11	ensure that these energy labels are displayed accordingly,
12	and shall provide information that will assist consumers
13	to make informed decisions on these products: Provided,
14	That they shall ensure the integrity of the information
15	submitted and made available to the public: Provided,
16	further, That the DOE shall define the nature and scope of
17	the information to be provided.
18	The DOE shall also develop and enforce a
19	Mandatory Energy Efficiency Rating and Labeling System
20	(MEERLS) for identified energy-consuming products, such

1 as, but not limited to, room air conditioners, refrigeration  $^{2}$ units, and television sets, to promote energy efficient 3 appliances and raise public awareness on energy saving. The energy efficiency label, at the minimum, shall reflect 4 the energy efficiency rating of the product, the monthly 5 6 energy consumption based on a specified hour of daily usage, the brand name and product model, and the year 7 8 the energy rating was issued: Provided. That the 9 calculation method of the energy efficiency rating shall be 10 made available to the public and shall be updated as often 11 as necessary to ensure the integrity of the labeling 12 system: Provided, further, That the calculation of the 13 energy efficiency rating shall be contained in the Code of Practice on Energy Labeling of Products to be developed 14 by the DOE. 15 16 SEC. 15. Energy Product, Device, and Equipment Examination, Testing, and Verification. - The DOE shall 17 18 regularly select energy-consuming products and their models for examination, testing, and verification. As 19 20such, the DOE may require any manufacturer, importer,

- supplier, distributor, or retailer of energy-consuming products, devices, and equipment to make available, at such place as the DOE may specify, such number of products as the DOE considers to be reasonably necessary for examination and testing under this Section.
- 6 The DOE is authorized to dismantle and examine 7 the energy-consuming product, device, or equipment referred herein, to determine the product's energy 8 9 efficiency. Such products, upon completion of testing. 10 shall be returned by the DOE to the concerned 11 manufacturer, importer, supplier, distributor, or retailer, unless the DOE has reasonable grounds to believe that 12 any provision of this Act was violated and the product will 13 14 serve as evidence of the violation.
  - The DOE, subject to procurement laws and regulations, may procure the services of or enter into an agreement or other arrangement with a qualified supplier or entity to carry out the examination and testing of energy-consuming products. The DOE, in the engagement of a qualified supplier or entity to carry out the

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examination and testing of energy-consuming products. 2 shall follow the process and procedures laid down in Republic Act No. 9184 or the "Government Procurement 3 Reform Act" and its revised IRR except when the 4 engagement involves a contractual arrangement under a 5 Public Private Partnership covered by Republic Act No. 6 6957 or "An Act Authorizing the Financing, Construction, 7 Operation and Maintenance of Infrastructure Projects by 8 the Private Sector and For Other Purposes", as amended by 9 10 Republic Act No. 7718, or through a Joint Venture Agreement with private entities under a profit sharing scheme under the 11 2013 NEDA Joint Venture Guidelines as may be amended 12 13 in the future. Sec. 16. Fuel Economy Performance for Transport 14 Vehicles. - To ensure fuel efficiency for transport, vehicle 15 manufacturers, importers, and dealers shall comply with 16 17 fuel economy performance labeling requirements set by the DOE with the assistance of the DENR and DOTr. The 18 vehicle manufacturers, importers, and dealers shall 19 provide technical information on the fuel economy rating

- of the engine that will allow the consumers to make an informed decision in choosing the vehicles for their use.
- The DOE shall develop and conduct fuel efficiency
  testing guidelines for the conduct of fuel efficiency tests to
  validate the information provided by vehicle manufacturers,
  importers, and dealers.
- 7 SEC. 17. Energy Performance for Buildings. - To 8 ensure appropriate and effective implementation of energy efficiency and conservation for new and existing 9 10 buildings for commercial and institutional use such as, but 11 not limited to, hospitals, educational facilities, exhibition 12 centers, government offices and military facilities, the LGUs shall implement the following measures in accordance with 13 14 building permit issuances:
- 15 (a) New building construction shall comply with the
  16 minimum requirements as specified in the Guidelines on
  17 Energy Conserving Design on Buildings issued by the
  18 DOE, in consultation with the DPWH: *Provided*, That
  19 state-owned buildings and facilities shall comply with the

1	GEMP and such other guidelines issued by the
2	Committee; and
3	(b) Retrofit of buildings shall also comply with the
4	minimum requirements as specified in the Guidelines on
5	Energy Conserving Design on Buildings issued by the
6	DOE, in consultation with the DPWH: Provided, That
7	state-owned and leased buildings and facilities shall
8	comply with the GEMP and such other guidelines issued
9	by the Committee.
10	CHAPTER 6
11	DESIGNATED ESTABLISHMENTS
12	SEC. 18. Designated Establishments Designated
13	Establishments shall initially be classified as follows:
14	(a) Type 1 Designated Establishments are those
15	with an annual energy consumption of 500,000 kilowatt-
16	hours (kWh) to 4,000,000 kWh for the previous year; and
17	(b) Type 2 Designated Establishments are those with
18	an annual energy consumption of more than 4,000,000 kWh
19	for the previous year.

The thresholds for determining Type 1 or Type 2
Designated Establishments shall be periodically reviewed
and adjusted, if deemed necessary, by the DOE.
Sec. 19. Obligations of Designated Establishments
The designated establishments shall have the following
obligations:
(a) Integrate an Energy Management System Policy
into the business operation based on ISO 50001 or any
similar framework;
similar framework;  (b) Set up programs to develop and design
(b) Set up programs to develop and design
(b) Set up programs to develop and design measures that promote energy efficiency, conservation,
(b) Set up programs to develop and design measures that promote energy efficiency, conservation, and sufficiency that may include, but are not limited to,
(b) Set up programs to develop and design measures that promote energy efficiency, conservation, and sufficiency that may include, but are not limited to, installation of renewable energy technologies;
(b) Set up programs to develop and design measures that promote energy efficiency, conservation, and sufficiency that may include, but are not limited to, installation of renewable energy technologies;  (c) Set up annual targets, plans, and methods of
(b) Set up programs to develop and design measures that promote energy efficiency, conservation, and sufficiency that may include, but are not limited to, installation of renewable energy technologies;  (c) Set up annual targets, plans, and methods of measurements and verification for the implementation of

(e) Improve average Securities and Exchange

Commission (SEC) in accordance with the annual

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- 1 reduction targets to be established by the DOE in the
- 2 NEECP;
- 3 (f) Submit an Annual Energy Consumption and
- 4 Conservation Report to the DOE by the 15th of April of
- 5 every year;
- 6 (g) Conduct an Energy Audit once every three (3)
- 7 years, by engaging either a certified Energy Auditor or an
- 8 accredited ESCO and submit an Energy Audit Report to
- 9 the DOE upon completion of the Energy Audit;
- 10 (h) Employ a CECO for Type 1 Designated
- 11 Establishments, and a CEM for Type 2 Designated
- 12. Establishments: Provided, That the CECO and the CEM
- 13 may be chosen from within the organization or hired
- 14 through external recruitment; and
- 15 (i) Duly notify the DOE on the appointment or
- 16 separation from the service of their respective CECOs or
- 17 CEMs within ten (10) working days from the effectivity of
- 18 these personnel action.

1	Sec. 20. Responsibilities of the CECO and the
2	CEM The CECO and the CEM, in their respective
3	designated establishments, shall:
4	(a) Manage the energy consumption of facilities,
5	equipment, and devices;
6	(b) Administer the following:
7	(1) Implementation and improvement of energy
8	efficiency measures,
9	(2) Conduct of regular energy audit,
10	(3) Energy monitoring and control, and
11	(4) Preparation of periodic energy consumption and
12	energy conservation program reports; and
13	(c) Fulfill other responsibilities as indicated in this
14	Act.
15	SEC. 21. Other Establishments. – Establishments
16	with an annual energy consumption of at least 100,000 kWh
17	but less than 500,000 kWh in the previous year shall be
18	required to submit an annual energy consumption report
19	to the DOE and integrate an Energy Management System
20	policy into their business operations based on ISO 50001

or any similar framework or such other standard 1 2 identified by the DOE: Provided. That the thresholds indicated herein shall be periodically reviewed and 3 4 adjusted, if deemed necessary, by the DOE. establishments may, on a voluntary basis, 5 submit themselves to external energy audit or quality control 6 assessment to assist them in their energy planning and 7 8 management. 9 SEC. 22. Visitorial Powers and On-Site Inspections. - The DOE shall have the authority to visit designated 10 11 12

establishments to inspect energy-consuming facilities, evaluate energy management systems and procedures, identify areas for efficiency improvement, and verify energy monitoring records and reports and other documents related to the compliance requirements of this Act within office hours and in the presence of an authorized representative of the designated establishment.

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1	CHAPTER	7

## 2 Demand Side Management

3 SEC. 23. Demand Side Management (DSM). - The DOE with the assistance of the Energy Regulatory 4 5 Commission and the Philippine Economic Zone Authority. shall pursue a DSM program for the electric power 6 industry for the reduction of energy consumption through 7 effective load management resulting to the decrease of 8 power demand and the migration of power demand from 9 10 peak to off-peak periods or such measures undertaken by distribution utilities to encourage end-users to properly 11 12 manage their loads to a reduction of energy consumption 13 through effective load management resulting to the decrease of power demand and the migration of power 14 demand from peak to off-peak periods or such measures 15 16 undertaken by distribution utilities to encourage end-17 users to properly manage their loads to achieve efficiency in the utilization of fixed infrastructures in the systems. 18

1	CHAPTER 8
2	INCENTIVES
3	SEC. 24. Fiscal Incentives Upon certification by
4	the DOE, Energy Efficient Projects as defined in this Act
5	shall be included in the annual investment priorities plan
6	of the BOI and shall be entitled to the incentives provided
7	under Executive Order No. 266 or the "Omnibus
8	Investment Code of the Philippines" and any other
9	applicable laws.
10	SEC. 25. Non-Fiscal Incentives Establishments
11	that will implement or are implementing energy-efficient
12	projects shall be entitled to the following:
13	(a) Provision of awards and recognition for energy
14	efficiency and conservation best practices innovation, and
15	successful energy-efficient projects and products; and
16	(b) Provision of technical assistance from
17	government agencies in the development and promotion of
18	energy-efficient technologies.
19	SEC. 26. Financial Assistance GFIs and other
20	financial institutions shall, in accordance with and to the

1 extent allowed by the enabling provisions of their

2 respective charters or applicable laws, provide

3 concessional financial packages for the development,

4 utilization, and commercialization of renewable energy

5 and energy efficiency projects as duly recommended and

6 endorsed by the DOE.

## 7 CHAPTER 8

## 8 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

9 SEC. 27. Waste Management Collection Recycling and Disposal Guidelines. - The DENR, in coordination 10 11 with the DOE and the DILG, will establish guidelines for the accurate characterization of wastes arising from 12 13 energy-consuming devices, equipment, fixtures, and other relevant items, including end-of-life vehicles and their 14 15 component parts. Such guidelines will include 16 appropriate containment features and management measures for hazardous wastes, consistent with Republic 17 18 Act No. 6969 or the "Toxic Substance and Hazardous and 19 Nuclear Wastes Control Act".

1 A Waste Management Collection, Recycling and

2	Disposal Strategy (WMCRDS) will also be developed by
3	DOE, DENR, and DILG for wastes covered by this Act to
4	ensure that these are managed and disposed properly and
5	to ensure that impacts to the environment are prevented:
6	Provided, That the WMCRDS shall include waste
7	recovery and recycling of components of devices,
8	equipment, fixtures, and other relevant items: Provided,
9	further, That the WMCRDS shall be submitted to the
10	National Solid Waste Management Commission in
11	accordance with Republic Act No. 9003 or the "Ecological
12	Solid Waste Management Act of 2000" for coordination
13	with pertinent government agencies and units for
14	implementation.
15	SEC. 28. Strengthening of the Energy Utilization
16	Management Bureau The Energy Utilization Management
17	Bureau (EUMB) under the DOE is hereby re-organized as
18	follows:
19	(a) Alternative Fuels and Energy Technology
20	Division whose functions shall include:

1	(1) Formulating policies, plans, and programs
2	related to alternative fuels and new and advanced energy
3	technologies' development towards socially and
4	environmentally responsive and effective utilization of
5	energy resources; and
6	(2) Developing and managing the Alternative Fuels
7	and Energy Technology Program.
8	(b) Energy Efficiency and Conservation Program
9	Management and Technology Promotion Division whose
10	functions shall include:
11	(1) Evaluating energy efficiency and conservation
12	technologies;
13	(2) Promoting the increased utilization of energy
14	efficient products;
15	(3) Preparing all reports for submission to other
16	government agencies as required by law; and
17	(4) Developing a comprehensive information,
18	education, and communication strategy for public

awareness on energy efficient programs and products.

1 (c) Energy Efficiency and Conservation Public

9	Coston Monocount Division 1 Control 1
2	Sector Management Division whose functions shall
3	include:
4	(1) Coordinating with the LGUs and the NEECCO
5	to ensure consistency with the NEECP;
6	(2) Providing technical assistance to LGUs and
7	other government agencies;
8	(3) Enhancing, expanding, and developing the
9	GEMP; and
10	(4) Providing technical support to the Committee
11	and acting as its Secretariat.
12	(d) Energy Efficiency and Conservation Performance
13	Regulation and Enforcement Division whose functions
14	shall include:
15	(1) Spearheading the creation of the NEECD in
16	accordance with the provisions of this Act;
17	(2) Formulating, developing, and updating MEP,
18	Energy Labeling, and other programs indicated in this

19 Act;

1	(3) Enforcing the programs under this Act and its
2	IRR, such as, but not limited to, the MEP and energy
3	labeling.
4	The Appliance Testing and Laboratory Division of
5	the Energy Research and Testing Laboratory Services, the
6	Legal Services under the General Legal Services Division,
7	the Financial Services under the Accounting Division, and
8	each Field Office under their respective Energy Resources
9	Development and Utilization Divisions of the DOE shall
10	hereby receive additional plantilla positions to provide
11	support services to the EUMB in the discharge of its
12	functions under this Act.
13	The Secretary of DOE shall submit the revised
14	organizational structure and staffing compliment of the
15	re-organized EUMB which shall be effective upon the
16	approval of the DBM.
17	The budgetary requirements necessary for the re-
18	organized EUMB and the supporting offices shall be taken
19	from the current appropriations of the DOE. Thereafter,

- 1 the funding for the same shall be included in the annual
- 2 General Appropriations Act.
- 3 SEC. 29. Prohibited Acts. The following acts are
- 4 prohibited:
- 5 (a) Failing to comply with energy labeling;
- 6 (b) Removing, defacing, or altering any energy label
- 7 on the energy-consuming product before the said product
- 8 is sold to the first retail purchaser or leased to the first
- 9 lessee;
- 10 (c) Failing to provide accurate information, or the
- 11 provision of false or misleading energy information as
- 12 required to be submitted under this Act;
- 13 (d) Selling, leasing, or importing energy-consuming
- 14 products that do not comply with the MEP as stated in
- 15 this Act:
- 16 (e) Failing and/or willfully refusing to appoint or
- designate a CECO or CEM;
- 18 (f) Willfully refusing to submit to an on-site
- 19 inspection as indicated in Setion 22 of this Act;

1	(g) Failing and/or willfully refusing to submit any of
2	the reports required under this Act;
3	(h) Failing to comply with issued orders of the DOE
4	in the discharge of its enforcement powers under this Act;
5	and
6	(i) Violating any provision of IRR, codes, and
7	guidelines issued in accordance with this Act.
8	Sec. 30. Explanation, Recommendation, Disclosure
9	and Order Upon determination that a reasonable
10	ground exists that an establishment has committed any of
11	the prohibited acts under Section 29 of this Act, the DOE
12	may consider the following measures prior to the
13	imposition of the appropriate fines and/or penalties for
14	such violations:
15	(a) Require an explanation supported by reports,
16	returns, and other documents to rebut the alleged
17	commission of the prohibited act;
18	(b) In cases where an explanation has been issued

but the DOE finds a violation because of materially

insufficient reports, false returns, and non-submission of

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- 1 required documents, provide a recommendation to the
- 2 said establishment;
- 3 (c) Disclose the name of the establishment after it
- 4 has received a recommendation and failed to comply with
- 5 such recommendation; and
- 6 (d) Issue an order in cases where the said
- 7 establishment failed to follow or comply with the
- 8 recommendation issued by the DOE: Provided, That
- 9 failure on the part of the establishment to comply with the
- 10 order shall be a valid ground for the imposition of fines
- 11 and/or penalties in accordance with Section 31 of this Act.
- 12 SEC. 31. Fines and Penalties. The DOE is
- 13 empowered to impose fines and penalties for any violation
- 14 of the provisions of this Act, its IRR and other issuances
- 15 relative to this Act. The fines and penalties shall range
- 16 from a minimum of Ten thousand pesos (P10,000.00) to a
- 17 maximum of One million pesos (P1,000,000.00): Provided,
- 18 That this is without prejudice to the penalties provided for
- 19 under existing regulations prescribed by any other
- 20 concerned government agency: Provided, further, That

- 1 this is without prejudice to criminal liability as stated in
- 2 this Act.
- 3 SEC. 32. Criminal Liability. The responsible
- 4 officer/s and/or employee/s of any establishment or
- 5 organization who willfully commits any of the prohibited
- 6 acts under Section 29 of this Act shall, upon conviction,
- 7 suffer the penalty of imprisonment of one (1) year to five
- 8 (5) years, or a fine ranging from a minimum of One
- 9 hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) to One hundred
- 10 million pesos (P100,000,000.00) or twice the amount of
- 11 costs avoided for noncompliance, whichever is higher, or
- both, upon the discretion of the court.
- 13 Any person, who willfully aids or abets the
- 14 commission of the said prohibited acts or who causes the
- 15 commission of any such act by another shall be liable in
- 16 the same manner as the principal.
- 17 In cases of association, partnership or corporations,
- 18 the penalty shall be imposed on the partner, president,
- 19 chief operating officer, chief executive officer, director, or
- 20 officer responsible for the violation.

- 1 Sec. 33. Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR).
- 2 The DOE shall, in consultation with concerned
- 3 government agencies and/or entities, LGUs, commercial,
- 4 industrial, and transport sectors, and other relevant
- 5 stakeholders, promulgate the IRR within six (6) months
- 6 from the effectivity of this Act.
- 7 SEC. 34. Codes and Guidelines. The DOE, in
- 8 accordance with the provisions of this Act, shall develop
- 9 all Codes and Guidelines mentioned herein within six (6)
- 10 months from the promulgation of this Act's IRR.
- 11 SEC. 35. Congressional Oversight. Upon the
- 12 effectivity of this Act, the Joint Congressional Power
- 13 Commission created under Section 62 of Republic Act No.
- 14 9136 or the "Electric Power Industry Reform Act of 2001"
- 15 shall be renamed to Joint Congressional Energy
- 16 Commission and shall exercise oversight powers over the
- 17 implementation of this Act.
- 18 SEC. 36. Separability Clause. If for any reason, any
- 19 section or provision of this Act is declared to be

- 1 unconstitutional or invalid, such part not affected thereby
- 2 shall remain in full force and effect.
- 3 SEC. 37. Repealing Clause. All laws, Presidential
- 4 decrees, executive orders, issuances rules and regulations,
- 5 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby
- 6 repealed or modified accordingly.
- 7 SEC. 38. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect
- 8 fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2)
- 9 newspapers of general circulation upon its approval.

Approved,